

1 Program Correctness: Template

Given an array b of type **integer** → **boolean** and a non-negative length n . The following program computes the numerical representation of a bitvector.

```

 $i := 0;$ 
 $x := 0;$ 
while  $i < n$  do
     $x := 2 \cdot x;$ 
    if  $b[i]$  then
         $x := x + 1$ 
    fi;
     $i := i + 1$ 
od

```

Let S be above program. Prove the following partial correctness formula:

$$\{n \geq 0\} S \{x = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} 2^{n-1-i} \cdot (b[i] ? 1 : 0)\}$$

Here is a proof outline in proof system PW:

```

 $\{n \geq 0\}$ 
 $i := 0;$ 
 $x := 0;$ 
 $\{\text{inv} : i \leq n \wedge x = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 2^{i-1-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0)\}$ 
while  $i < n$  do
     $\{i < n \wedge x = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 2^{i-1-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0)\}$ 
     $\{i < n \wedge 2 \cdot x = 2 \cdot \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 2^{i-1-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0)\}$ 
     $\{i < n \wedge 2 \cdot x = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 2^{i-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0)\}$ 
     $x := 2 \cdot x;$ 
     $\{i < n \wedge x = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 2^{i-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0)\}$ 
    if  $b[i]$  then
         $\{i < n \wedge x = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 2^{i-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0) \wedge b[i]\}$ 
         $\{i < n \wedge x + 1 = (b[i] ? 1 : 0) + \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 2^{i-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0)\}$ 
         $x := x + 1$ 
         $\{i < n \wedge x = (b[i] ? 1 : 0) + \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 2^{i-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0)\}$ 
    else
         $\{i < n \wedge x = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 2^{i-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0) \wedge \neg b[i]\}$ 
         $\{i < n \wedge x = (b[i] ? 1 : 0) + \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 2^{i-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0)\}$ 
    skip
         $\{i < n \wedge x = (b[i] ? 1 : 0) + \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 2^{i-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0)\}$ 
    fi;
     $\{i < n \wedge x = (b[i] ? 1 : 0) + \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 2^{i-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0)\}$ 
     $\{i < n \wedge x = \sum_{j=0}^i 2^{i-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0)\}$ 
     $i := i + 1$ 
     $\{i \leq n \wedge x = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 2^{i-1-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0)\}$ 
od
 $\{i = n \wedge x = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 2^{i-1-j} \cdot (b[j] ? 1 : 0)\}$ 
 $\{x = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} 2^{n-1-i} \cdot (b[i] ? 1 : 0)\}$ 

```