Looking back on an awesome year with many conversations over a multitude of good cups of tea

including a sidenote on said tea

A. Einstein¹ H. Lorentz²
 Conference on Fabulous Presentations, 2003

¹ Department of Black Holes and Tea University of Leiden

² Department of Bending Rivers, Space and Time University of Delft





TU Delft presentation template

In LATEX using the package Beamer

This template can be used to make a presentation in the 2022 version of the TU Delft style described here: https://www.tudelft.nl/huisstijl/middelen/presentaties

The icons have been converted to pdf, so they can be included crisply against a colored background:



These pdf files can be downloaded here as the artifacts of the job 'convert-icons'.



A digital version of this presentation can be found at https://gitlab.com/novanext/tudelft-beamer.

Here's a QR code made by Large X, pointing to the same link:



Slides like these are straightforward to make, the following contains more fancy examples. Using all of these slide options in one presentation is probably too much for your audience...





Citing

If you happen to give a presentation with an older projector, you can set the aspect ratio to 4:3 using the documentclass option aspectratio=43.

To make a presentation with citations easier to follow, a footnote will show the full reference:

Rivers and sweet tea do unexpected things.¹



CFP 2003 5

¹A. Einstein (Mar. 1926). "Die Ursache der Mäanderbildung der Flußläufe und des sogenannten Baerschen Gesetzes". In: *Die Naturwissenschaften* 14.11, pp. 223–224. DOI: 10.1007/bf01510300

Columns

Short lines of text work well in a column. You can combine a text. column with images, where the \absimage command can be used to place a picture at an exact location, over other elements. To make sure the columns are top-aligned, and margins don't jump between pages, you can add the optional arguments [T], onlytextwidth] to the \columns environment.

Let's attempt to place an image on top of this square:





	0.10	0.15	0.2(0.25	0.3(0.35	0.4(0.45	0.5(0.55	0.6(0.65	0.70	0.75	0.8(0.8%)6.0	0.95	0.95
	Gr	id																	0.90
	The	com	man	d V c	·ri,	d car	h ha i	lead	to ar	ld a r	rid t	h tha	elido	whi	ch m	akoe	it oad	vior	0.85
			olor		$j \perp \perp$				io at	iu a y	ji la u	o uic	Siluc	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		anco	ncac		0.80
	υp	lace	elell	ienta	αια	spec		ULAI	1011.										0.75
	The	grid	appl	ies t	oti	kz;	te>	tp	þs h	as th	le ori	gin a	t the	uppe	er left				0.70
																			0.65
																			0.60
															(0.7	5 0 4	:)		0.55
))	J, U.J	,		0.50
																			0.45
																			0.40
																			0.35
																			0.30
																			0.25
																			0.20
																			0.15
	6																		0.10
	TU	Delf														CFF	2003 [•]	7	0.05
Æ																			0.00

'Blocks'

Default block

- item 1
- item 2

Alert block

- a. Sugar in a stirred cup of tea gathers in the middle.
- b. Rivers often take a detour through flat terrain.

Example block





List styling

In beamer, enumerations and itemizations can consist of three levels:

- One
 - Two
 - Three
- a. One
 - 1. Two
 - i. Three



Speed up the compilation cycle

Add to the preamble:

\includeonlyframes{current}

- And to the frame you are working on: [label=current]
 (from the beamer documentation §4.3.3)
- Use pdflatex instead of xelatex
- Compile in draft mode.





CFP 2003 11

A split frame for \splitpos = 0.4 \paperwidth

When \splitpos is given a positive value, the frame title to the right side, and the left side gets a colored background.

- The textcolumn environment can be used to add text to either one of the columns.
- The command \bginsert can be redefined to add something on top of the colored pane, clipped off at the edges.
- Use \usebackgroundtemplate to redefine the background more generally.



A split frame scoping...

To keep the footers visible, they can be made white using these commands:

- \leftfooterwhitefalse
- \rightfooterwhitefalse
- Ieftfooterwhitetrue
- Inightfooterwhitetrue

The scope for all of these tweaks can be limited by { and }, or-more readable-by \begingroup and \endgroup.

Negative \splitpos e.g. -0.4\paperwidth

Using a negative value for \splitpos , the background panes swap places.

The tikzcolumn environment can be used instead of textcolumn, to place items in one of the panes using tikz² commands. The default units are set relative to the paper size.

The abstikz environment does almost the same, without being restricted to the column, or influencing the placement of another textcolumn.









Mass-energy equivalence

They say every formula you add to a presentation, will reduce your audience by 50 %. A simple yet effective way to mitigate this effect, is adding a compact nomenclature to the slides containing formulae.

$$E = mc_0^2$$

If you find this is taking up too much of your precious space, than you are doing something wrong, and it is not adding this little nomenclature.





Colors

All colors from the TUD style guide are predefined for your convenience. You can create a table similar to the example in blue their powerpoint as such:

Table head	Table head
Huge number	100 × 10 ³
Large number	1000
Normal number	10
Small number	0.1

navy topaz

- purple
- pink
- shiraz
- grapefruit
- orange
- vellow
- areen
- teal

navy purple shiraz yellow



CFP 2003 16



Some commands take optional arguments in the form of $\langle x-y \rangle$, where x is the first 'sub-frame' on which the context is shown, and y is the last. x or y can be replaced by +, referring to 'the next sub-frame'.

a. uncovered...



Some commands take optional arguments in the form of $\langle x-y \rangle$, where x is the first 'sub-frame' on which the context is shown, and y is the last. x or y can be replaced by +, referring to 'the next sub-frame'.

- a. uncovered...
- b. one...



Some commands take optional arguments in the form of $\langle x-y \rangle$, where x is the first 'sub-frame' on which the context is shown, and y is the last. x or y can be replaced by +, referring to 'the next sub-frame'.

- a. uncovered...
- b. one...
- **c**. by...



Some commands take optional arguments in the form of $\langle x-y \rangle$, where x is the first 'sub-frame' on which the context is shown, and y is the last. x or y can be replaced by +, referring to 'the next sub-frame'.

- a. uncovered...
- b. one...
- **c**. by...
- d. one.



Some commands take optional arguments in the form of $\langle x-y \rangle$, where x is the first 'sub-frame' on which the context is shown, and y is the last. x or y can be replaced by +, referring to 'the next sub-frame'.

- a. uncovered...
- b. one...
- **c**. by...
- d. one.



Some commands take optional arguments in the form of $\langle x-y \rangle$, where x is the first 'sub-frame' on which the context is shown, and y is the last. x or y can be replaced by +, referring to 'the next sub-frame'.

- a. uncovered...
- b. one...
- **c**. by...
- d. one.



Some commands take optional arguments in the form of $\langle x-y \rangle$, where x is the first 'sub-frame' on which the context is shown, and y is the last. x or y can be replaced by +, referring to 'the next sub-frame'.

- a. uncovered...
- b. one...
- **c**. by...
- d. one.



Some commands take optional arguments in the form of $\langle x-y \rangle$, where x is the first 'sub-frame' on which the context is shown, and y is the last. x or y can be replaced by +, referring to 'the next sub-frame'.

a. uncovered...Using only:b. one...Using onslide:c. by...Using pause:123

For more advanced animations, see §14 of the manual: https://www.ctan.org/pkg/beamer



d one



A bar chart



CFP 2003 27

A pie chart





Confidence intervals



Stream plot





It is important to use the flame often and abundantly, and use the colors given on the next slide.



White Frame Title

On blue background

Optional text...



Bedankt voor uw aandacht Einstein & Lorentz





Bibliography I

Einstein, A. (Mar. 1926). "Die Ursache der Mäanderbildung der Flußläufe und des sogenannten Baerschen Gesetzes". In: Die Naturwissenschaften 14.11, pp. 223–224. DOI: 10.1007/bf01510300.

